

#### **INGERSOLL RAND COMPANY INC** 34800 BENNETT DR, FRASER, MI 48026

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#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

# HTW 80, 120, 180 and 300 Series:

# High Temperature Water – Centrifugal Pump Series

MP Pumps offers a selection of hot water pumps suited for any application. Cooled by a cooling loop and a fan clamp, our hot water pumps can operate with a maximum seal chamber temperature of 170°F, while the process temperature is at 400°F. The pumps are air cooled and close coupled to standard NEMA C face motors.

# SPECIFICATIONS

	HTW 80	HTW 120	HTW 180	HTW 300
Suction and Discharge	1-1/2" x 1-1/4" ANSI 150 or NPT	2" x 1-1/2" ANSI 150 or NPT	3″x 1-1/2″ ANSI 150	3" x 2-1/2" ANSI 150
Application		Industrial, OEM		
Materials of construction		Ductile iron		
Flow	Up to 80 gpm (302.8 lpm)	Up to 200 gpm (757.1 lpm)	Up to 320 gpm (1211.3 lpm)	Up to 500 gpm (1892.7 lpm)
Head Feet	Up to 127 ft (38.7 m)	Up to 135 ft (41.1 m)	Up to 162 ft (49.4 m)	Up to 190 ft (57.9 m)
Impeller	5.9" (149.9 mm) Cast Iron, Enclosed	5.96" (151.3 mm) Cast Iron, Enclosed	6.45" (163.8 mm) Cast Iron, Enclosed	7.0" (177.8 mm) Cast Iron, Enclosed
Motor	Up to 3 HP (2.23 kw)	Up to 5 HP (3.72 kw)	Up to 10 HP (7.45 kw)	Up to 20 HP (14.91 kw)
Drive Options	Close coupled 56C, 145TC	Close coupled 145TC, 184C	Close coupled	184TC, 215TC
Seal	Carbon / Silicon	carbide / Viton	Carbon / Silicon Optional severe d	
Drive Sleeve		303 Stainless stee	2	
Temperature		400° F (204.4° C) m	ax	
Features	Hollow	compact and lightweight desig carbon graphite isolator bushin punt of process heat lost, No neo	g, Hollow sleeve design	·

# **OPERATING AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

#### READ, UNDERSTAND, AND FOLLOW THIS INFORMATION TO AVOID INJURY AND PROPERTY DAMAGE.



EXCESSIVE AIR PRESSURE STATIC SPARK HAZARDOUS MATERIALS HAZARDOUS PRESSURE

▲ WARNING Be sure hoses and other components can withstand fluid pressures developed by this pump. Check any hoses for damage or wear. Be certain dispensing device is clean and in proper working condition.

- **WARNING** IMPROPER GROUNDING. Can increase spark and electrical shock risk, resulting in severe injury or death. Ground pump and pumping system.
- The pumping system must be grounded when it is pumping, flushing, recirculating, or spraying flammable materials such as paints, solvents, lacquers, etc. or used in a location where surrounding atmosphere is conducive to spontaneous combustion. Ground the dispensing valve or device, containers, hoses, and any object to which material is being pumped.
- Secure pump, connections, and all contact points to avoid vibration and generation of contact or static spark. Consult local building codes and electrical codes for specific grounding requirements. After grounding, periodically verify continuity of electrical path to ground. Test with an ohmmeter from each component (e.g., hoses, piping, pump, clamps, motor, base plate, etc..) to ground to ensure continuity. Ohmmeter should show 0.1 ohms or less.
- **WARNING** HAZARDOUS PRESSURE. Can result in serious injury or property damage. Do not service or clean pump while the system is pressurized.
- ▲ WARNING HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. Can cause serious injury or property damage. Do not attempt to return a pump to the factory or service center that contains hazardous material. Safe handling practices must comply with local and national laws and safety code requirements. Obtain Material Safety Data Sheets on all materials from the supplier for proper handling instructions.
- ▲ CAUTION Check pump seals, elastomers, and all wetted parts to assure compatibility before using commission of the product.
- Verify the chemical compatibility of the pump wetted parts and the substance being pumped, flushed or recirculated. Chemical compatibility may change with temperature and concentration of the chemical(s) within the substances being pumped, flushed or circulated. For specific fluid compatibility, consult the chemical manufacturer.

- ▲ CAUTION Maximum temperatures are based on mechanical stress of seals and elastomers only. Certain chemicals will significantly reduce maximum safe operating temperature. Consult the chemical manufacturer for chemical compatibility and temperature limits.
- ▲ CAUTION Be certain all operators of this equipment have been trained for safe working practices, understand it's limitations, and wear safety goggles / equipment when required.
- ▲ CAUTION Do not use the pump for the structural support of the piping system. Be certain the system components are properly supported to prevent stress on the pump parts.
- ▲ CAUTION Prevent unnecessary damage to the pump. Do not allow pump to operate in a dry run condition or under cavitating conditions for extended periods.
- ▲ CAUTION Use only genuine MP Pumps® replacement parts to assure compatible pressure rating and longest service life.
- ▲ CAUTION The mechanical seal in the pump must not be operated dry.
- ▲ CAUTION If a pump will be idle in freezing weather it should be drained or filled with the proper anti-freeze.
- **NOTICE** Pump should be installed in the position consistent with the manufactures specifications.
- NOTICE Re-torque all fasteners before operation. Creep of housing and gasket materials may cause fasteners to loosen. Re-torque all fasteners to insure against fluid leakage.

	= Hazards or unsafe practices which could
	result in severe personal injury, death or
	substantial property damage.
	= Hazards or unsafe practices which could
	result in minor personal injury, product
	or property damage.
NOTICE	= Important installation, operation or
	maintenance information.

# **STORAGE PRECAUTIONS**

Do not store filled with fluid at or below freezing temp of process fluid.

# INSTALLATION

- 1. The pump must be installed in a horizontal shaft position.
- 2. The housing may be rotated to a horizontal or vertical discharge to fit the particular piping installation.
- 3. Rigid and supported piping must be used that will not strain the pump housing when temperature changes are made during the use of the pump.
- 4. The piping system must be free of foreign material and moisture before start-up.
- 5. Pipe thread sealing compound must be used on the NPT flanges that is compatible with the fluid being pumped and is rated for the temperature requirements.
- 6. The installation should permit adequate circulation of air to provide proper cooling of the motor and pump seal housing.
- 7. Do not install in a sealed enclosure or insulate the pump adapter and motor. The motor and/or pump seal may fail from excessive heat.
- 8. A good installation will have an enclosure that provides adequate air flow of ambient air to the motor of the pump.

#### **START-UP:**

- 1. Follow all requirements and recommendations from the heat transfer fluid manufacturer for fill, start-up and use.
- 2. Check for leaks before insulating the piping system.
- 3. Check for proper shaft rotation by jogging the power and observing the fan clamp. Rotation arrows are provided on pump housing.
- 4. The seal cavity inside the pump will internally vent during fill and start-up.
- 5. A small amount of oil may leak from the seal cavity at the shaft; this is normal for a new installation and will stop after approximately one hour.
- 6. Do not allow the pump to run dry, or continue to operate the pump when it is noisy, vibrating, or leaks are observed. These noticeable signs give a warning that something is wrong with the equipment and must be investigated to avoid possible damage or injury from burns caused by hot oil.

#### **MOTOR MOUNTING**

Check rotation of the driver to be sure it coincides with the required rotation of the pump. When viewed from the driver end the rotation of the pump is CLOCKWISE.

A PumPAK shaft sleeve is machined to precisely fit the shaft of your driver. No provision is made for drive key and none is required.

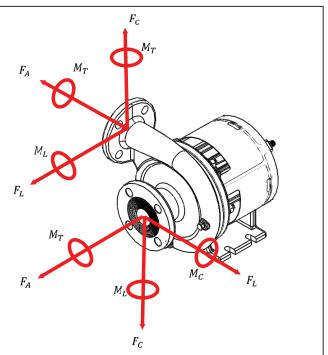
Loosen the drive clamp fasteners but do not remove. **NOTE**: If the driver shaft is keyed, remove the key before attempting to install the PumPAK. Slide the PumPAK assembly onto the driver shaft, aligning the capscrew holes in the adaptor with the tapped holes in the driver mounting face until the adaptor contacts the mounting face.

Install fasteners and tighten to secure PumPAK assembly to the driver. First center then tighten the drive clamp assembly to lock the shaft sleeve onto the driver shaft. After all fasteners are tight including the drive clamp assembly, rotate the driver slowly by hand to make certain that there is no rubbing.

	Torque Specification	ns
Size	Stainless Steel (ft-lbs)	Steel GR5 (ft-lbs)
5/16-18	10-14	14-20
3/8-16	20-26	26-32
1/2-13	34-42	70-80
1/2-20	40-48	N/A
5/8-18	85-95	N/A

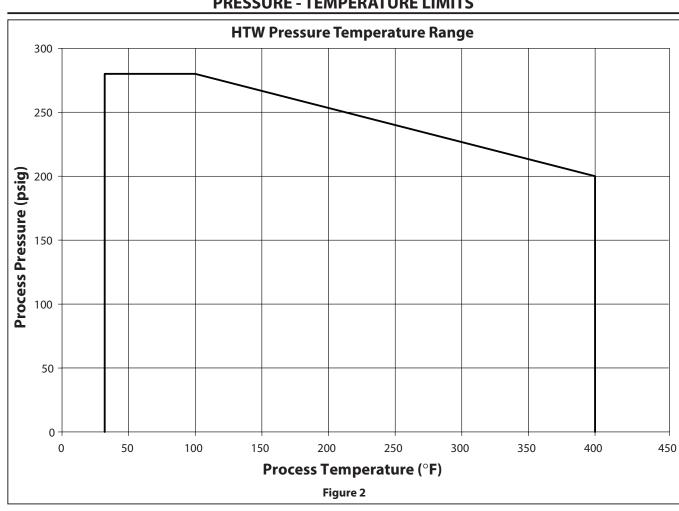
#### **INSTALLATION FOR HOT WATER PUMPS**

# The permitted forces and moments on pump inlet and outlet.

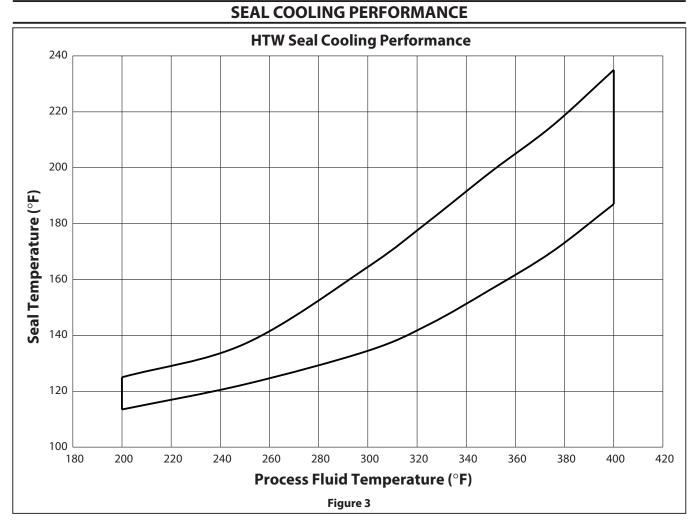


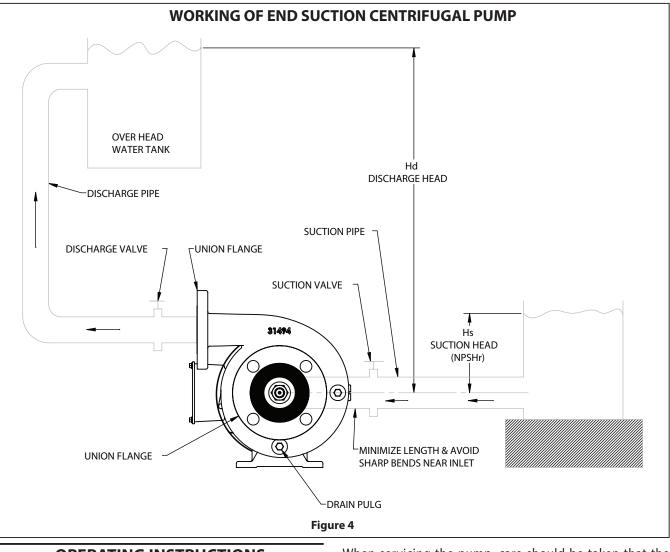
		LEGENDS
FL	-	Longitudinal shear force
Fc	-	Circumferential shear force
F <sub>A</sub>	-	Axial tension or compression force
ML	-	Longitudinal bending force
Mc	-	Circumferential bending force
M <sub>T</sub>	-	Torsional moment

		ALLOWA	BLE NOZZ	LE LOADS		
Nozzle			HOT WAT	ER PUMP		
Size	F	orce lbs (N	I)	Mom	ent ft*lbs	(N*m)
(in)	FL	FC	FA	МС	MT	ML
1.25″	337	337	253	69	104	69
	(1500)	(1500)	(1125)	(93.75)	(141)	(122)
1.5″	405	405	303	100	149	100
	(1800)	(1800)	(1350)	(135)	(203)	(176)
2″	540	540	405	177	266	177
	(2400)	(2400)	(1800)	(240)	(360)	(312)
2.5″	674	674	506	277	415	277
	(3000)	(3000)	(2250)	(375)	(563)	(488)
3″	809	809	607	398	597	398
	(3600)	(3600)	(2700)	(540)	(810)	(702)



# **PRESSURE - TEMPERATURE LIMITS**





# **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

Inspect the PumPAK as soon as it is received to make certain that no parts are missing or have been broken in shipment. Damage should be reported immediately to the shipping company.

The PumPAK utilizes a single self-adjusting type mechanical seal that is lubricated and cooled by the liquid in the pump. **THE PUMP MUST NEVER BE OPERATED WITHOUT LIQUID IN THE HOUSING.** 

#### WORKING OF CENTRIFUGAL PUMP:

A centrifugal pump operates through the transfer of rotational energy from one or more driven rotors, called impellers. The action of the impeller increases the fluid's velocity and pressure and directs it towards the pump outlet.

# **OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE**

Thermal oil vapors leaking from a system can be highly flammable.

Any system leak should be repaired immediately.

Do not insulate the pump or system piping with porous flammable insulation. Fluid may wick, decompose and spontaneously ignite. Ideal mechanical seal life is 20,000 hours. Reduced seal life may be experienced from extreme conditions.

At disassembly, check the impeller and other wear items for unusual wear. Replace if necessary.

When servicing the pump, care should be taken that the pump has cooled to a sufficient temperature to permit disassembly. The product should be drained from the pump housing and disposed in accordance with the fluid manufacturer's recommendations. Operating personnel should be warned to exercise care and utilize eye and skin protection when servicing the pump.

#### WEAR AND INSPECTION POINTS

**Shaft:** Inspect threads, keyways and shoulders. Replace if damaged.

**Impellers:** Replace if excessively worn or corroded. The impeller should have been statically and dynamically balanced at the factory, and static and dynamic balance must be maintained for proper operation of your equipment.

**Mechanical seals:** Should be inspected for, lack of lubrication, misalignment, overheating, abrasive materials damage, and corrosion.

**Alignment:** Proper alignment between pump shaft and motor shaft is key to the performance of shaft seals and bearings. Improper alignment can lead to premature pump failure.

# SEAL REPLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS

# DISASSEMBLE THE PUMP:

Drain the system of liquid, break suction and discharge pipe unions, and, if necessary, remove all piping from the suction and discharge openings. Remove the fasteners holding the pump adaptor to the driver, loosen the drive clamp assembly, and remove the PumPAK.

To disassemble, remove the washers and hexnuts holding the motor adaptor to the housing. Remove the housing. The impeller, drive sleeve, seal bellows, and the spring assembly will now slide forward Free of the pump adapter.

The seal seat and seat cup will remain in the pump adaptor. If not damaged or worn, do not remove. If necessary, remove from the adaptor counter bore with a piece of wood or a screwdriver handle inserted through the adaptor from the drive end. A sharp tap or two is usually sufficient to knock out the seal seat. Use caution in removing the seal seat so as not to crack a ceramic seat.

#### **REMOVE IMPELLER**

Remove seal bellows and spring assembly. On some models, spring keeper can also be removed now before removing impeller.

**NOTE**: The seal bellows will be bonded to the shaft sleeve and will require some patience and caution in removal in order not to damage the seal bellow and cage.

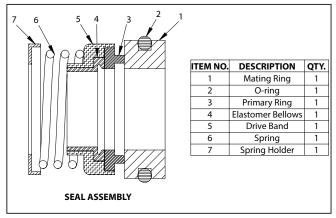
MP Pumps rebuild kits include a new drive sleeve to avoid the possibility of damaging the drive sleeve. See back of manual for list of seal kits and corresponding rebuild kits. Impellers are also available if wear or damage is present.

Remove locknut from shaft; unscrew the impeller from the shaft sleeve counter-clockwise from the impeller end.

#### **INSPECTION:**

Check all parts for wear. For ease of reassembly shaft sleeve should have all nicks and burrs removed. Clean with light crocus cloth. Replace damaged parts with new parts.

Inspect the seal seat and washer, seat cup, and seal bellows for grooves, cuts, scuffmarks, or other deterioration. If any of the parts are damaged, a complete new assembly should be installed.



inspect the lapped sealing face of carbon washer (Part 3) for wear which would necessitate replacement.

Inspect lapped sealing face of floating seat (Part 4) in adapter housing counterbore for scuffing or cracks. If necessary to replace, press out old seat and ring, and proceed as outlined in paragraph on MOUNTING ADAPTER.

If spring and/or bellows (Part 1 and 2) are damaged and require replacement, lubricate the impeller sleeve with a clean light oil and slide parts off sleeve.

#### **REASSEMBLY:**

All dirt and foreign matter should be removed. Recommend only using new seals and elastomers when reassembling a pump.

Lubricate seal seat cup with liquid soap (P-80 emulsifier) or clean grease and press seal seat into adaptor counter bore, seating it firmly and squarely. Use caution so as not to mar the lapped face of the seal seat.

Assemble shaft sleeve; seal spring keeper, impeller and impeller nut. Before installing seal bellows and spring assembly, lubricate the shaft sleeve and rubber bellows with liquid soap (P-80 emulsifier) or clean grease and press bellows and spring assembly onto the shaft sleeve. The spring should engage the spring keeper at the impeller end of the shaft sleeve.

To be properly positioned the washer must be firmly against the rubber bellows member and the driving lugs of the washer properly engaged. The raised shoulder on the seal washer should be facing away from the impeller to contact the lapped surface of the seal seat in the adaptor.

Slide impeller and seal assembly into the adaptor. Install drive clamp assembly on the shaft sleeve but do not tighten.

# MAINTENANCE

The HTW pump is of simple construction with only one moving part. The impeller on the HTW is threaded to a stainless steel drive sleeve. The sleeve slips over the drive shaft and is locked to the drive shaft with a two-piece clamp. This means you use a standard drive shaft - no special tapers or threads. It's easy to adjust or remove the impeller. HTW pumps are available with a selflubricated shaft seal. The self-lubricated seal is lubricated by the liquid in the pump. Operating the pump dry will seriously damage the seal.

If the pump is to be left standing idle for any length of time in freezing conditions, the pump housing should be drained. Draining is provided for by a drain plug located at the base of the pump housing.

#### DISASSEMBLY

Disconnect power to prevent accidentally starting. Disconnect lines and drain pump housing.

#### **TO REMOVE PUMP HOUSING**

Remove capscrews and nuts holding pump housing to mounting base (where used).

Remove nuts and lockwashers holding pump housing to the adapter.

Loosen the housing and remove carefully to prevent tearing gaskets.

#### **TO REMOVE IMPELLER**

Remove impeller clamp nuts and clamp to unlock impeller drive sleeve from drive shaft.

Use two "Jimmy" bars or large screwdrivers diagonally across from each other between adapter and end of drive sleeve. Pry the sleeve off the drive shaft. Before removing the seal from the impeller, inspect the carbon washer. If nicked or worn - replace it with a new one. Inspect the seal seat (still in the pump adapter). If no nicks, scratches or cracks appear and surface is clean and smooth, there is no need to replace it. If replacement is necessary, remove adapter by removing four hex nuts and washers. Place adapter on flat surface, with impeller side down. Press out seal seat by using wooden end of a screw driver or similar tool.

#### TO REPLACE IMPELLER

On the two-piece impeller it is not necessary to remove the seal. Place impeller drive sleeve between two pieces of wood in a vise. Hold impeller sleeve carefully so you do not damage the seal assembly. Hold firmly and unthread impeller by turning counterclockwise - left hand. Replace with a new impeller. Be sure seal spring fits over hub on back of impeller.

#### TO REMOVE ADAPTER

Remove the six nuts and lockwashers. Loosen and remove adapter.

#### **INSPECTION**

After pump has been disassembled, check all parts over carefully for wear or damage. When ordering parts for your pump, be sure to specify model and serial numbers shown on name plate.

# REASSEMBLY

#### **MOUNTING ADAPTER**

Before mounting adapter, clean counterbore cleanser. Clean and lubricate with light oil the synthetic rubber member on seal seat and press (do not drive) the assembly into the adapter counterbore, seating it firmly and squarely. Install adapter. Install lockwashers and tighten four nuts evenly.

**CAUTION:** In handling, avoid dropping seat and take particular care not to scratch the lapped face.

#### MOUNTING SELF-LUBRICATED SEAL ASSEMBLY

Inspect impeller sleeve for nicks and burrs. Polish sleeve with fine emery or crocus cloth. Then clean and lubricate with a clean light oil.

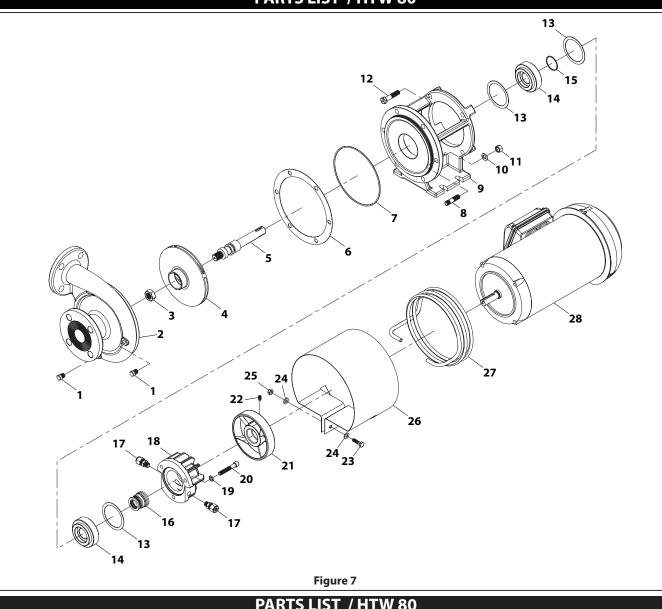
Slip the coil spring onto the impeller sleeve making certain that it is seated properly on the shoulder of the impeller. Lubricate the inside of the washer and bellows assembly with a clean light oil and slide it onto the impeller drive sleeve only until it clears the chamfer.

Slide the seal bellows and washer assembly onto the impeller drive sleeve. Push the seal down over the drive sleeve with even pressure. Pull the seal head back up to the position where there is no spring load. This insures proper assembly on the drive sleeve. Before sliding the impeller onto the drive shaft, wipe the lapped sealing faces of the floating seat in the adapter counterbore and the carbon washer on the bellows assembly perfectly clean. Then lubricate both faces with a clean light oil.

**NOTE**: The assembly of impeller and seal to the drive shaft should take place as soon as the bellows assembly is slipped on the impeller sleeve so as to avoid bonding of the bellows to the sleeve at improper working height.

**CAUTION:** Foreign matter between sealing faces will cause leakage and shorten the life of the seal.

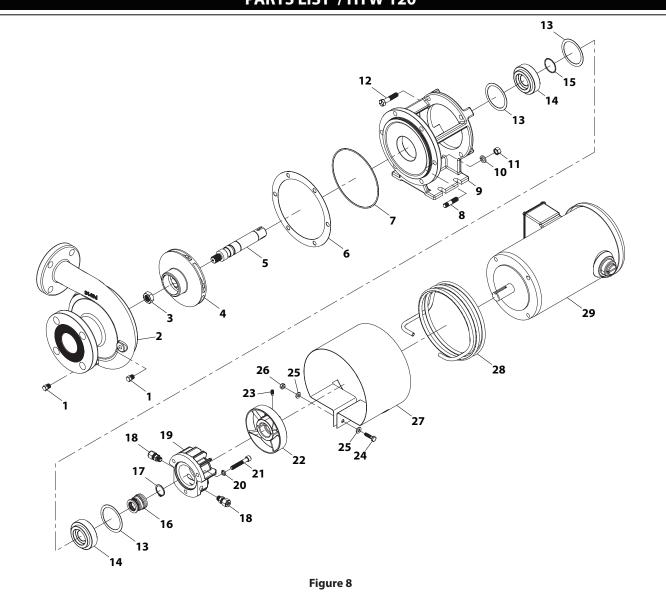




				PARIJLI	21	/ П	W 80			
Item	Description (size)	Qty	Part No.	Mtl		Item	Description (size)	Qty	Part No.	Mtl
1	Pipe Plug (1/8" NPT)	2	MP21585	Zinc Plated Steel		14	Isolator	2	MP29158	Carbon Graphite
2	Housing	1	MP31871	Ductile Iron		15	O-Ring (1.301" ID x 0.070")	1	MP29230	Viton
<b>  2</b>	Housing	1	MP25666	Ductile Iron		16	See Table for seal options			
3	Hex Jam Nut	1	MP22655	304 SS		17	ADP Fitting	2	MP36645	304 SS
	Impeller	1	MP25910	Cast Iron		18	Housing Seal	1	MP36633	Ductile Iron
	Impeller	1	MP26487	Cast Iron		18	Housing Seal	1	MP36628	Ductile Iron
4	Impeller	1	MP25975	Carbon Steel		19	Washer Flat	3	MP29765	Steel
	Impeller	1	MP29430	Cast Iron		19	(0.50" x 0.327" x 0.093")	5	MF 29705	Steel
	Impeller	1	MP50497	Cast Iron		20	Capscrew (5/16" - 18" x 2.0")	3	MP29178	Steel
5	Drive Sleeve	1	MP29166	303 SS		21	Clamp Fan	1	MP29164	Ductile Iron
5	Drive Sleeve	1	MP29781	303 SS		21	Clamp Fan	1	MP29775	Ductile Iron
6	Gasket (0.032" X 6")	1	MP31518	Grafoil		22	Set Screw (1/4"-28" x 1/2")	1	MP33417	Steel
7	O-Ring (AS-568-162)	1	MP50524	AFLAS		23	Capscrew (1/4"-20" x 1")	2	MP33563	304 SS
8	Stud (SS: 3/8 - 16 x 1.63)	6	MP21261	304 SS		24	Washer	4	MP27261	Steel
9	Adaptor	1	MP36624	Ductile Iron		25	Hexnut (1/4" - 20")	2	MP21241	304 SS
10	Lockwasher (3/8" x 1/8")	6	MP21266	304 SS		26	Shield	1	MP36640	Zinc Plated Steel
11	Hexnut (3/8"- 6")	6	MP21268	304 SS				1		
12	Capscrew (3/8" - 16" x 1.75")	4	MP41259	Steel		27	HE Coil	1	MP36641	304 SS
13	Gasket	3	MP29165	Grafoil		28	Electric Motor	1	MP26197	TEFC
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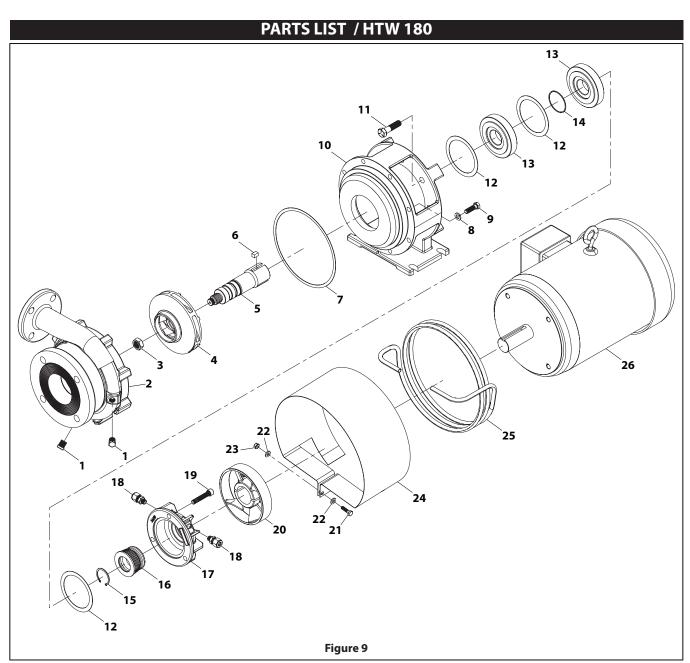
Seal PN	Seal Type	Shaft Dia.	Mating Ring	Material					
Searriv	Searrype	Shart Dia.		Primary Ring	Elastomer	Components			
MP29773	2	1″	Silicon Carbide	Carbon	Viton	316 SS			
MP29168	2	0.75″	Silicon Carbide	Carbon	Viton	316 SS			
MP35384	2	1″	Silicon Carbide	Carbon	Viton	316 SS			

# PARTS LIST / HTW 120



				PARTS LIS	Т	/ HT	W 120			
Item	Description (size)	Qty	Part No.	Mtl		Item	Description (size)	Qty	Part No.	Mtl
1	Pipe Plug (1/8" NPT)	2	MP21585	Zinc Plated Steel		15	O-Ring (1.301" ID x 0.070")	1	MP29230	Viton
2	Housing	1	MP31492	Ductile Iron		16	See Table for seal options			
2	Housing	1	MP26587	Ductile Iron		17	Snap Ring	1	MP29782	Steel
3	Hex Jam Nut	1	MP22655	304 SS		18	ADP Fitting	2	MP36645	304 SS
	Impeller	1	MP29770	Cast Iron		19	Housing Seal	1	MP36628	Ductile Iron
4	Impeller	1	MP30223	Cast Iron		20	Washer Flat	3	MP29765	Steel
	Impeller	1	MP31769	Cast Iron			(0.50" x 0.327" x 0.093")			
5	Drive Sleeve	1	MP29781	303 SS		21	Capscrew (5/16" - 18" x 2.0")	3	MP29178	Steel
6	Gasket (0.032" X 6")	1	MP31518	Grafoil		22	Clamp Fan	1	MP29775	Ductile Iron
7	O-Ring (AS-568-162)	1	MP50524	AFLAS		23	Set Screw (1/4"-28" x 1/2")	1	MP33417	Steel
8	Stud (SS: 3/8 - 16 x 1.63)	6	MP21261	304 SS		24	Capscrew (1/4"-20" x 1")	2	MP33563	304 SS
9	Adaptor	1	MP36624	Ductile Iron		25	Washer	4	MP27261	Steel
10	Lockwasher (3/8" x 1/8")	6	MP21266	304 SS		26	Hexnut (1/4" - 20")	2	MP21241	304 SS
11	Hexnut (3/8"- 6")	6	MP21268	304 SS		27	Shield	1	MP36640	Zinc Plated Steel
12	Capscrew (3/8" - 16" x 1.75")	4	MP41259	Steel		28	HE Coil	1	MP36641	304 SS
13	Gasket	3	MP29165	Grafoil		29	Electric Motor	1	MP25920	TEFC
14	Isolator	2	MP29158	Carbon Graphite						

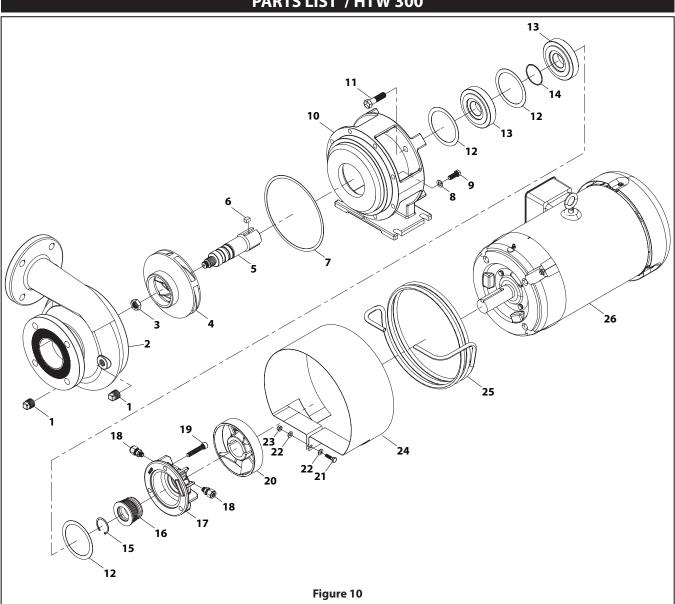
Seal PN	Seal Type	Shaft Dia.	Mating Ring	Material				
Searriv	Searrype	Silart Dia.		Primary Ring	Elastomer	Components		
MP29773	2	1"	Silicon Carbide	Carbon	Viton	316 SS		



				PARTS LIS	Т/	'HT'	W 180			
Item	Description (size)	Qty	Part No.	Mtl		ltem	Description (size)	Qty	Part No.	Mtl
1	Pipe Plug (1/8" NPT)	2	MP41475	Steel		13	Isolator	2	MP30842	Carbon Graphite
2	Housing	1	MP33503	Ductile Iron	1 [	14	O-Ring (1.301" ID x 0.070")	1	MP30841	Viton
3	Hex Jam Nut	1	MP25168	304 SS	1 [	15	Snap Ring	1	MP29826	PH 15-7 Mo SS
	Impeller	1	MP34459	Ductile Iron	1 [	16	See Table for seal options			
4	Impeller	1	MP34460	Ductile Iron	1 [	17	Housing Seal	1	MP36639	Ductile Iron
	Impeller	1	MP33505	Ductile Iron	1 [	18	ADP Fitting	2	MP36646	304 SS
5	Drive Sleeve	1	MP33505	303 SS	1 [	19	Capscrew (3/8"-16" x 2")	3	MP39600	304 SS
2	Drive Sleeve	1	MP33510	303 SS		20	Clamp Fan	1	MP29833	Ductile Iron
6	Square Key	1	MP29831	Steel		20	Clamp Fan	1	MP33509	Ductile Iron
7	Gasket	1	MP36662	Klinger TOP-SIL		21	Capscrew (1/4"-20" x 1")	2	MP33563	304 SS
8	Lockwasher	8	MP30626	Steel		22	Washer	4	MP27261	Steel
9	Capscrew (3/8"-16" x 1.25")	8	MP41257	Steel		23	Hexnut (1/4" - 20")	2	MP21241	304 SS
10	Adaptor	1	MP36656	Ductile Iron	-	24	Shield	1	MP36652	Steel
11	Capscrew (1/2"-13 x 2")	4	MP41279	Steel	1					
12	Gasket	3	MP36661	Klinger TOP-SIL	1	25	HE Coil	1	MP36635	304 SS
				-	' [	26	Electric Motor	1	MP31293	TEFC

Seal PN	Seal Type	Shaft Dia.	Mating Ring		Material	
Searriv	Seartype	Silart Dia.		Primary Ring	Elastomer	Components
MP34933	2	1.5″	Silicon Carbide	Carbon	Viton	316 SS
MP33507	2	1.25″	Silicon Carbide	Carbon	Viton	18-8 SS





				PARTS LIS	T / HT	W 300			
tem	Description (size)	Qty	Part No.	Mti	Item	Description (size)	Qty	Part No.	Τ
1	Pipe Plug (1/2" NPT)	2	MP41479	Steel	13	Isolator	2	MP30842	Τ
2	Housing	1	MP26733	Ductile Iron	14	O-Ring (1.301" ID x 0.070")	1	MP30841	Τ
3	Hex Jam Nut	1	MP25168	304 SS	15	Snap Ring	1	MP29826	Γ
	Impeller	1	MP30837	Cast Iron	16	See Table for seal options			
4	Impeller	1	MP29823	Cast Iron	17	Housing Seal	1	MP36639	
*	Impeller	1	MP33032	Cast Iron	18	ADP Fitting	2	MP36646	
ŀ	Impeller	1	MP31404	Cast Iron	19	Capscrew (3/8"-16" x 2")	3	MP39600	Τ
5	Drive Sleeve	1	MP29822	303 SS	20	Clamp Fan	1	MP29833	Ť
6	Square Key	1	MP29831	Steel	21	Capscrew (1/4"-20" x 1")	2	MP33563	Ť
7	Gasket	1	MP36662	Klinger TOP-SIL	22	Washer	4	MP27261	t
8	Lockwasher	8	MP30626	Steel	23	Hexnut (1/4" - 20")	2	MP21241	t
9	Capscrew (3/8"-16" x 1.25")	8	MP41256	Steel	24	Shield	1	MP36652	╋
0	Adaptor	1	MP36660	Ductile Iron	25	HE Coil	1	MP36635	╇
11	Capscrew (1/2"-13 x 2")	4	MP41279	Steel			1		╇
12	Gasket	3	MP36661	Klinger TOP-SIL	26	Electric Motor		MP31294	

Seal PN	Seal Type	Shaft Dia.	Mating Ring	Material				
Searriv	Searrype	Silan Dia.		Primary Ring	Elastomer	Components		
MP34933	2	1.5″	Silicon Carbide	Carbon	Viton	316 SS		

# **SERVICE KITS**

PUMP MODEL	PUMP DESCRIPTION				
MP50918	HTW80PMP D: 2-3 145TC 5.25 T-2 F48 FF VD	MP51575			

# DIMENSIONAL DATA

		INLET	DISCHARGE	Α	В	с	D	E	F	G	н	J	К	L	м
NPT	HTW 80	1.5″	1.25″	8.65″	3.9″	3.3″	2.25″	4.5″	5.5″	0.4″	2.48″	0.44″	5.58″	2.02″	9.58″
FLANGE	HTW 80	1.5″	1.25″	8.65″	3.9″	4.25″	2.25″	4.5″	5.5″	0.4″	2.6″	0.44″	5.8″	2.02″	9.78″
NPT	HTW 120	2″	1.5″	8.75″	4″	3.1″	2.25″	4.5″	5.5″	0.4″	3.31″	0.44″	3.31″	2.02″	10.7″
FLANGE	HTW 120	2″	1.5″	8.75″	4″	5.24″	2.25″	4.5″	5.5″	0.4″	3.53″	0.44″	6.87″	2.02″	10.89″
FLANGE	HTW 180	3″	1.5″	9.96″	4.21″	5.34″	3.5″	7″	7.94″	0.5″	2.57″	0.56″	5.97″	3.5″	9.47″
FLANGE	HTW 300	3″	2.5″	10.59″	4.84″	6.25″	3.5″	7″	7.94″	0.5″	2.57″	0.56″	6.57″	3.5″	10.09″

# TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY				
		1. Reprime pump, check that pump and				
	1. Pump not primed.	there are no obstructions in the suc- tion line.				
	2. Discharge valve closed	2. Check discharge valve.				
	3. Suction line clogged.	3. Remove obstructions.				
No liquid delivered.	4. Wrong direction of rotation.	4. Change rotation to concur with direc- tion indicated on bearing housing or pump casing.				
no nquia denverea.	5. Total head is too high	5. Re-evaluate head conditions.				
	6. Driver is not operating at rated speed.	6. Check electric motor voltage;check engine rpm				
	7. Pump is vapor bound	7. Provide additional pressure on liq- uid being pumped by elevating liquid source.				
	8. Foot valve or suction pipe opening not submerged enough	8. Consult factory for proper depth. Use baffler to eliminate vortices.				
	1. Air leak through gasket.	1. Replace gasket.				
	2. Air leak through stuffing box.	2. Replace or adjust packing/mechanical seal.				
	3. Impeller partly clogged.	3. Back flush pump to clean impeller.				
	4. Worn suction side plate or wear rings.	4. Replace defective parts as required.				
	5. Pump is not properly primed.	5. Reprime pump, check that pump and there are no obstructions in the suc- tion line. Check NPSHa to ensure that there is enough liquid for pump oper- ation.				
Pump not producing rated flow or head.	6. Driver is not operating at rated speed.	6. Check electric motor voltage; check engine rpm				
	7. Pump is vapor bound	7. Provide additional pressure on liquid being pumped by elevating liquid source. or consider installing an air release valve in the discharge line to remove the air to allow the pump to become dynamic.				
	8. Insufficient suction head.	8. Ensure that suction line shutoff valve is fully open and line is unobstructed.				
	9. Worn or broken impeller.	9. Inspect and replace if necessary.				
	1. Excessive air in liquid.	1. Clean and tighten all suction connec- tions; relocate suction inlet in liquid source.				
	2. Defective packing or seal.	2. Replace packing or seal.				
Pump starts then stops pumping.	3. Pump is vapor bound.	3. Provide additional pressure on liquid being pumped by elevating liquid source. or consider installing an air release valve in the discharge line to remove the air to allow the pump to become dynamic.				
	4. Air or vapor pockets in suction line.	4. Rearrange piping to eliminate air pockets.				
	5. Air leak in suction line.	5. Repair leak.				
	1. Improper alignment.	1. Re-align pump and drive.				
Bearings run hot.	2. Improper lubrication.	2. Check lubricate for suitability and level.				
	3. Lube cooling.	3. Check cooling system				

PROBLEM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY				
	1. Improper pump/driver alignment.	1. Align shafts.				
	2. Partly clogged impeller causing imbalance.	2. Back-flush pump to clean impeller.				
	3. Broken or bent impeller or shaft.	3. Replace as required.				
Pump is noisy or vibrates.	4. Foundation not rigid.	4. Tighten bolts of pump and motor or adjust stilts				
i unip is noisy of vibrates.	5. Worn bearings.	5. Replace.				
	6. Suction or discharge piping not anchored or properly supported.	6. Anchor per Hydraulic Institute Stan- dards Manual recommendation.				
	7. Pump is cavitating.	7. Check NPSHa, Air leaks to ensure that there is enough liquid for pump operation.				
	1. Worn mechanical seals.	1. Replace worn parts.				
Excessive leakage from stuffing box/seal chamber.	2. Overheating mechanical seal.	2. Check lubrication and cooling lines.				
	3. Shaft sleeve scored.	3. Remachine or replace as required				
	1. Head lower than rating; pumps too much liquid.	1. Consult factory. Install throttle valve, trim impeller diameter.				
	2. Speed is too high.	2. Electric motor wiring is wrong. Replace motor.				
	3. Wrong direction of rotation.	3. Check wiring diagram.				
	4. Impeller is clogged.	4. Back flush pump to clean impeller.				
Motor requires excessive power.	5. Impeller is binding.	5. Relieve strain on casing; adjust impel- ler clearance.				
······································	6. Driver and pump are misaligned.	6. Realign driver with pump.				
	7. Power frame shaft is bent.	7. Repalace shaft.				
	8. Worn suction side plate or wear rings.	8. Replace defective parts as required.				
	9. Liquid heavier than expected.	9. Check specific gravity and viscosity.				
	10. Stuffing box too tight.	10. Readjust packing. Replace if worn.				
	11. Rotating parts bind.	11. Check internal wearing parts for proper clearances				
	1. Air leaks in suction line.	1. Clean and tighten all suction connec- tions; relocate suction inlet in liquid source.				
Pump fails to prime or loses its prime.	2. Suction strainer is clogged. Suction lift is too high.	2. Clean debris from strainer. Re-eval- uate pump requirements and correct suction conditions.				
	3. Defective priming valve.	3. Replace valve.				
	4. Defective seal.	4. Replace seal.				
	1. Excessive air in liquid.	1. Clean and tighten all suction connec- tions; relocate suction inlet in liquid source.				
	2. Driver is not operating at rated speed.	2. Check electric motor voltage; check engine rpm				
	3. Wrong direction of rotation.	3. Change rotation to concur with direc- tion indicated on bearing housing or pump casing.				
Insufficient pressure.	4. Total head is too high.	4. Re-evaluate head conditions.				
	5. Worn suction side plate or wear rings.	5. Replace defective parts as required.				
	6. Broken or bent impeller or shaft.	6. Replace as required.				
	7. Air leak through gasket.	7. Replace gasket.				
	8. Liquid is vaporizing	8. Provide additional pressure on liq- uid being pumped by elevating liquid source. Check temperature of liquid being pumped'				



PN MPHTW-IOM